



भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक
RESERVE BANK OF INDIA
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Master Circular No. 11/2015-16

July 01, 2015

To,

All Authorised Dealer Category - I banks

Madam / Sir,

**Master Circular on Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture (JV) /
Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) Abroad**

Direct investments by residents in Joint Venture (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) abroad are being allowed, in terms of clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, (42 of 1999) read with [Notification No. FEMA.120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004](#), (GSR 757 (E) dated November 19, 2004), viz. Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Any Foreign Security) Regulations, 2004, as amended from time to time.

2. This Master Circular consolidates the existing instructions on the subject of **"Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) Abroad"** at one place. The list of underlying circulars / notifications, consolidated in this Master Circular, is furnished in the Appendix. This Master Circular may be referred to for general guidance. The Authorised Persons and the Authorised Dealer Category – I banks may refer to respective circulars/ notifications for detailed information, if so needed.

3. This Master Circular is being updated from time to time as and when the fresh instructions are issued. The date up to which the Master Circular has been updated is suitably indicated.

Yours faithfully,

(A. K. Pandey)
Chief General Manager



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PART - I

Section A – General

A.1 Introduction

(1) Overseas investments (or financial commitment) in Joint Ventures (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) have been recognised as important avenues for promoting global business by Indian entrepreneurs. Joint Ventures are perceived as a medium of economic and business co-operation between India and other countries. Transfer of technology and skill, sharing of results of R&D, access to wider global market, promotion of brand image, generation of employment and utilisation of raw materials available in India and in the host country are other significant benefits arising out of such overseas investments (or financial commitment). They are also important drivers of foreign trade through increased exports of plant and machinery and goods and services from India and also a source of foreign exchange earnings by way of dividend earnings, royalty, technical know-how fee and other entitlements on such investments (or financial commitment).

(2) In keeping with the spirit of liberalisation, which has become the hallmark of economic policy in general, and Foreign Exchange regulations in particular, the Reserve Bank has been progressively relaxing the rules and simplifying the procedures both for current account as well as capital account transactions.

A.2 Statutory Basis

(1) Section 6 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 provides powers to the Reserve Bank to specify, in consultation with the Government of India the classes of permissible capital account transactions and limits up to which foreign exchange is admissible for such transactions. Section 6(3) of the aforesaid Act provides powers to the Reserve Bank to prohibit, restrict or regulate various transactions referred to in the sub-clauses of that sub-section, by making Regulations.



(2) In exercise of the above powers conferred under the Act, the Reserve Bank has in supersession of the earlier [Notification No.FEMA19/RB-2000 dated 3rd May 2000](#) and subsequent amendments thereto, issued Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of any Foreign Security) Regulations, 2004 vide [Notification No. FEMA.120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004](#)¹. The Notification seeks to regulate acquisition and transfer of a foreign security by a person resident in India i.e. investment (or financial commitment) by Indian entities in overseas joint ventures and wholly owned subsidiaries as also investment by a person resident in India in shares and securities issued outside India. Overseas Investment (or financial commitment) can be made under two routes viz. (i) Automatic Route outlined in paragraph B.1 and (ii) Approval Route outlined in paragraph B.7.

A.3 Prohibitions

Indian parties are prohibited from making investment (or financial commitment) in a foreign entity engaged in real estate (meaning buying and selling of real estate or trading in Transferable Development Rights (TDRs) but does not include development of townships, construction of residential/commercial premises, roads or bridges) or banking business, without the prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

Clarification: An overseas entity, having direct or indirect equity participation by an Indian party, shall not offer financial products linked to Indian Rupee (e.g. non-deliverable trades involving foreign currency, rupee exchange rates, stock indices linked to Indian market, etc.) without the specific approval of the Reserve Bank. Any incidence of such product facilitation would be treated as a contravention of the extant FEMA regulations and would consequently attract action under the relevant provisions of FEMA, 1999.

A.4 General Permission

In terms of Regulation 4 of the Notification, general permission has been granted

¹As amended vide various FEMA Notifications (Listed in the Appendix) published in the Gazette of India – Extraordinary on various dates (hereinafter referred to as 'the Notification').



to persons residents in India for purchase / acquisition of securities in the following manner:

- (a) out of the funds held in RFC account;
- (b) as bonus shares on existing holding of foreign currency shares; and
- (c) when not permanently resident in India, out of their foreign currency resources outside India.

General permission is also available to sell the shares so purchased or acquired.

Section B - Direct Investment (or financial commitment) Outside India

B.1 Automatic Route

(1) In terms of Regulation 6 of the Notification, an Indian party has been permitted to make investment / undertake financial commitment in overseas Joint Ventures (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS), as per the ceiling prescribed by the Reserve Bank from time to time. An Indian party means a company incorporated in India or a body created under an Act of Parliament or a partnership firm registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 or a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 making investment in a Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary abroad.

With effect from July 03, 2014, the limit of Overseas Direct Investments (ODI)/ Financial Commitment (FC) to be undertaken by an Indian Party under the automatic route has been restored to the limit prevailing, as per the extant FEMA provisions, prior to August 14, 2013. It has, however, been decided that any financial commitment exceeding USD 1 (one) billion (or its equivalent) in a financial year would require prior approval of the Reserve Bank even when the total FC of the Indian Party is within the eligible limit under the automatic route (i.e., within 400% of the net worth as per the last audited balance sheet)².

² [A.P.\(DIR Series\) Circular No. 1 dated July 03, 2014](#)



(2) The Indian party should approach an Authorised Dealer Category - I bank with an application in Form ODI (Annex A) and prescribed enclosures / documents for effecting remittances towards such investments / financial commitments.

(3) The total financial commitment of the Indian party in all the Joint Ventures / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries shall comprise of the following:

- a. 100% of the amount of equity shares;
- b. 100% of the amount of compulsorily and mandatorily convertible preference shares;
- c. 100% of the amount of other preference shares;
- d. 100% of the amount of loan;
- e. 100% of the amount of guarantee (other than performance guarantee) issued by the Indian party;
- f. 100% of the amount of bank guarantee issued by a resident bank on behalf of JV or WOS of the Indian party provided the bank guarantee is backed by a counter guarantee / collateral by the Indian party.
- g. 50% of the amount of performance guarantee issued by the Indian party provided that the outflow on account of invocation of performance guarantee results in the breach of the limit of the financial commitment in force, prior permission of the Reserve Bank is to be obtained before executing remittance beyond the limit prescribed for the financial commitment.

Foot note: Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) shall be treated at par with equity shares.

(4) The investments / financial commitments are subject to the following conditions:

- a) The Indian party / entity may extend loan / guarantee only to an overseas JV / WOS in which it has equity participation. Proposals from the Indian party for undertaking financial commitment without equity contribution in JV / WOS may be considered by the Reserve Bank under



the approval route. AD banks may forward the proposals from their constituents after ensuring that the laws of the host country permit incorporation of a company without equity participation by the Indian party.

Indian entities may offer any form of guarantee - corporate or personal (including the personal guarantee by the indirect resident individual promoters of the Indian Party)/ primary or collateral / guarantee by the promoter company / guarantee by group company, sister concern or associate company in India provided that:

- i) All the financial commitments, including all forms of guarantees and creation of charge are within the overall ceiling prescribed for the Indian party.
 - ii) No guarantee should be 'open ended' i.e. the amount and period of the guarantee should be specified upfront. In the case of performance guarantee, time specified for the completion of the contract shall be the validity period of the related performance guarantee.
 - iii) In cases where invocation of the performance guarantees breach the ceiling for the financial commitment, the Indian Party shall seek the prior approval of the Reserve Bank before remitting funds from India, on account of such invocation.
 - iv) As in the case of corporate guarantees, all guarantees (including performance guarantees and Bank Guarantees / SBLC) are required to be reported to the Reserve Bank, in Form ODI-Part II. Guarantees issued by banks in India in favour of WOSs / JVs outside India, and would be subject to prudential norms, issued by the Reserve Bank (DBOD) from time to time.
- b) The Indian party should not be on the Reserve Bank's Exporters' caution list / list of defaulters to the banking system circulated by the Reserve Bank / Credit Information Bureau (India) Ltd. (CIBIL) / or



any other credit information company as approved by the Reserve Bank or under investigation by any investigation / enforcement agency or regulatory body.

- c) All transactions relating to a JV / WOS should be routed through one branch of an Authorised Dealer bank to be designated by the Indian party.
- d) In case of partial / full acquisition of an existing foreign company, where the investment is more than USD 5 million, valuation of the shares of the company shall be made by a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI or an Investment Banker / Merchant Banker outside India registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country; and, in all other cases by a Chartered Accountant or a Certified Public Accountant.
- e) In cases of investment by way of swap of shares, irrespective of the amount, valuation of the shares will have to be made by a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI or an Investment Banker outside India registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country. Approval of the Foreign Investment Promotion Board (FIPB) will also be a prerequisite for investment by swap of shares.
- f) In case of investment in overseas JV / WOS abroad by a registered Partnership firm, where the entire funding for such investment is done by the firm, it will be in order for individual partners to hold shares for and on behalf of the firm in the overseas JV / WOS if the host country regulations or operational requirements warrant such holdings.
- g) An Indian party may acquire shares of a foreign company engaged in a bonafide business activity, in exchange of ADRs/GDRs issued to the latter in accordance with the Scheme for issue of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds and Ordinary Shares (through Depository Receipt Mechanism) Scheme, 1993, and the guidelines



issued there under from time to time by the Government of India, provided:

- (i) ADRs/GDRs are listed on any stock exchange outside India;
- (ii) The ADR and/or GDR issued for the purpose of acquisition is backed by underlying fresh equity shares issued by the Indian party;
- (iii) The total holding in the Indian entity by persons resident outside India in the expanded capital base, after the new ADR and/or GDR issue, does not exceed the sectoral cap prescribed under the relevant regulations for such investment under FDI;
- (iv) Valuation of the shares of the foreign company shall be
 - (a) as per the recommendations of the Investment Banker if the shares are not listed on any recognized stock exchange; or
 - (b) based on the current market capitalisation of the foreign company arrived at on the basis of monthly average price on any stock exchange abroad for the three months preceding the month in which the acquisition is committed and over and above, the premium, if any, as recommended by the Investment Banker in its due diligence report in other cases.

(5) The Indian Party is required to report such acquisition in form ODI to the AD Bank for submission to the Reserve Bank within a period of 30 days from the date of the transaction.

Note: Investments / financial commitments in Nepal are permitted only in Indian Rupees. Investments / financial commitments in Bhutan are permitted in Indian Rupees as well as in freely convertible currencies. All dues receivable on investments (or financial commitment) made in freely convertible currencies, as well as their sale / winding up proceeds are required to be repatriated to India in freely convertible currencies only. Investments / financial commitments in Pakistan by Indian Parties are permissible under the approval route.



B.1.1 Issue of guarantee by an Indian Party to step down subsidiary of JV / WOS

(a) Indian Parties are permitted to issue corporate guarantees on behalf of their first level step down operating JV /WOS set up by their JV / WOS operating as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) under the Automatic Route, subject to the condition that the financial commitment of the Indian Party is within the extant limit. It has been decided that irrespective of whether the direct subsidiary is an operating company or a SPV, the Indian promoter entity may extend corporate guarantee on behalf of the first generation step down operating company under the Automatic Route, within the prevailing limit. Such guarantees will have to be reported to the Reserve Bank in Form ODI, as hitherto, through the designated AD Category – I bank concerned.

(b) Further, the issuance of corporate guarantee on behalf of second generation or subsequent level step down operating subsidiaries will be considered under the Approval Route, provided the Indian Party indirectly holds 51 per cent or more stake in the overseas subsidiary for which such guarantee is intended to be issued.

B.1.2 Investment (or financial commitment) through Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) under Automatic Route

(i) Investments (or financial commitment) in JV/WOS abroad by Indian parties through the medium of a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) are also permitted under the Automatic Route in terms of Regulation 6 of the Notification, subject to the conditions that the Indian party is not included in the Reserve Bank's caution list or is under investigation by the Directorate of Enforcement or included in the list of defaulters to the banking system circulated by the Reserve Bank/any other Credit Information company as approved by the Reserve Bank. Indian parties whose names appear in the Defaulters' list require prior approval of the Reserve Bank for the investment (or financial commitment).



(ii) Setting up of an SPV under the Automatic Route is permitted for the purpose of making investment (or financial commitment) in JV/WOS overseas.

B.2 Investment (or financial commitment) in unincorporated entities overseas in oil sector under the Automatic Route

(1) Investments (or financial commitment) in unincorporated / incorporated entities overseas in the oil sector (i.e. for exploration and drilling for oil and natural gas, etc.) by Navaratna PSUs, ONGC Videsh Ltd (OVL) and Oil India Ltd (OIL) may be permitted by AD Category - I banks, without any limit, provided such investments are approved by the competent authority.

(2) Other Indian companies are also permitted under the Automatic Route to invest in unincorporated entities overseas in the oil sector up to the limit prescribed provided the proposal has been approved by the competent authority and is duly supported by certified copy of the Board resolution approving such investment. Investment in excess of the prescribed limit shall require prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

(3) Indian companies are also permitted to participate in a consortium with other international operators to construct and maintain submarine cable systems on co-ownership basis under the automatic route. Accordingly, AD Category - I banks may allow remittances by Indian companies for overseas direct investment, after ensuring that the Indian company has obtained necessary licence from the Department of Telecommunication, Ministry of Telecommunication & Information Technology, Government of India to establish, install, operate and maintain International Long Distance Services and also by obtaining a certified copy of the Board Resolution approving such investment.

Accordingly, these transactions may be reported by the Indian parties investing in the consortium to the AD Category-I banks in Form ODI for enabling on-line submission of the same by the AD Category-I banks to the Reserve Bank for allotment of Unique Identification Number.



B.3 Method of Funding

(1) Investment (or financial commitment) in an overseas JV / WOS may be funded out of one or more of the following sources:

- i) drawal of foreign exchange from an AD bank in India;
- ii) capitalisation of exports;
- iii) swap of shares (valuation as mentioned in para B.1 (e) above);
- iv) proceeds of External Commercial Borrowings (ECBs) / Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs);
- v) in exchange of ADRs/GDRs issued in accordance with the Scheme for issue of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds and Ordinary Shares (through Depository Receipt Mechanism) Scheme, 1993, and the guidelines issued thereunder from time to time by the Government of India;
- vi) balances held in EEFC account of the Indian party and
- vii) proceeds of foreign currency funds raised through ADR / GDR issues.

In respect of (vi) and (vii) above, the limit of financial commitment vis-à-vis the net worth will not apply. However, all investments (or financial commitment) made in the financial sector will be subject to compliance with Regulation 7 of the Notification, irrespective of the method of funding.

(2) General permission has been granted to persons resident in India for purchase / acquisition of securities in the following manner:

- (i) out of funds held in RFC account;
- (ii) as bonus shares on existing holding of foreign currency shares; and
- (iii) when not permanently resident in India, out of their foreign currency resources outside India (para A.4 above)

B.4 Capitalisation of exports and other dues

(1) Indian party is permitted to capitalise the payments due from the foreign entity towards exports, fees, royalties or any other dues from the foreign entity for



supply of technical know-how, consultancy, managerial and other services within the ceilings applicable. Capitalisation of export proceeds remaining unrealised beyond the prescribed period of realization will require prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

(2) Indian software exporters are permitted to receive 25 per cent of the value of their exports to an overseas software start-up company in the form of shares without entering into Joint Venture Agreements, with prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

B.5 Investments (or financial commitment) in Financial Services Sector

(1) In terms of Regulation 7 of the Notification, an Indian party seeking to make investment (or financial commitment) in an entity outside India, which is engaged in the financial sector, should fulfill the following additional conditions:

- (i) be registered with the regulatory authority in India for conducting the financial sector activities;
- (ii) has earned net profit during the preceding three financial years from the financial services activities;
- (iii) has obtained approval from the regulatory authorities concerned both in India and abroad for venturing into such financial sector activity; and
- (iv) has fulfilled the prudential norms relating to capital adequacy as prescribed by the concerned regulatory authority in India.

(2) Any additional investment (or financial commitment) by an existing JV/WOS or its step down subsidiary in the financial services sector is also required to comply with the above conditions.

(3) Regulated entities in the financial sector making investments (or financial commitment) in any activity overseas are required to comply with the above guidelines. Unregulated entities in the financial services sector in India may invest in non financial sector activities subject to compliance with the provisions of Regulation 6 of the Notification. Trading in Commodities Exchanges overseas and



setting up JV/WOS for trading in overseas exchanges will be reckoned as financial services activity and require clearance from the Forward Markets Commission.

B.6 Investment in Equity of Companies Registered Overseas / Rated Debt Instruments

(1)(i) Portfolio Investments by listed Indian companies

Listed Indian companies are permitted to invest up to 50 per cent of their net worth as on the date of the last audited balance sheet in (i) shares and (ii) bonds / fixed income securities, rated not below investment grade by accredited / registered credit rating agencies, issued by listed overseas companies.

(ii) Investment by Mutual Funds

Indian Mutual Funds registered with SEBI are permitted to invest within an overall cap of USD 7 billion in:

- i) ADRs / GDRs of the Indian and foreign companies;
- ii) equity of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas ;
- iii) initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas;
- iv) foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short- term as well as long-term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit agencies;
- v) money market instruments rated not below investment grade;
- vi) repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade. The repos should not, however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds;
- vii) government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade;
- viii) derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities;
- ix) short-term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not



below investment grade; and

- x) units / securities issued by overseas Mutual Funds or Unit Trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS) listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas, or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10 per cent of their net assets).

(2) A limited number of qualified Indian Mutual Funds, are permitted to invest cumulatively up to USD 1 billion in overseas Exchange Traded Funds as may be permitted by SEBI.

(3) Domestic Venture Capital Funds / Alternative Investment Funds³ registered with SEBI may invest in equity and equity linked instruments of off-shore Venture Capital Undertakings, subject to an overall limit of USD 500 million.

Accordingly, Mutual Funds / Venture Capital Funds / Alternative Investment Funds desirous of availing of this facility may approach SEBI for necessary permission.

(4) General permission is available to the above categories of investors for sale of securities so acquired.

B.7 Approval of the Reserve Bank

(1) Prior approval of the Reserve Bank would be required in all other cases of direct investment (or financial commitment) abroad. For this purpose, application together with necessary documents should be submitted in Form ODI through their Authorised Dealer Category – I banks.

(2) Reserve Bank would, inter alia, take into account the following factors while considering such applications:

- a) Prima facie viability of the JV / WOS outside India;

³ [A.P.\(DIR Series\) Circular No. 48 dated December 09,2014](#)



- b) Contribution to external trade and other benefits which will accrue to India through such investment (or financial commitment);
- c) Financial position and business track record of the Indian party and the foreign entity; and
- d) Expertise and experience of the Indian party in the same or related line of activity as of the JV / WOS outside India.

B.8 Investments in energy and natural resources sector

Reserve Bank will consider applications for investment (or financial commitment) in JV/WOS overseas in the energy and natural resources sectors (e.g. oil, gas, coal and mineral ores) in excess of the prescribed limit of financial commitment. AD Category - I banks may forward such applications from their constituents to the Reserve Bank as per the laid down procedure.

B.9 Overseas Investments by Proprietorship Concerns⁴

(1) Keeping in view the changes in the definition / classification of the exporters as per the Foreign Trade Policy of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, issued from time to time, the following revised terms and conditions are required to be complied with for considering the proposal of overseas direct investment (or financial commitment), by a proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India, by the Reserve Bank under the approval route:

- (a) The proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India is classified as 'Status Holder' as per the Foreign Trade Policy issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Govt. of India from time to time;
- (b) The proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India has a proven track record, i.e., the export outstanding does not exceed 10% of the average export realisation of the preceding three years and a consistently high export performance;
- (c) The Authorised Dealer bank is satisfied that the proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India is KYC (Know Your Customer)

⁴ A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No. (Number and date to be given by PCD)



compliant, engaged in the proposed business and has turnover as indicated;

- (d) The proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India has not come under the adverse notice of any Government agency like the Directorate of Enforcement, Central Bureau of Investigation, Income Tax Department, etc. and does not appear in the exporters' caution list of the Reserve Bank or in the list of defaulters to the banking system in India; and
- (e) The amount of proposed investment (or financial commitment) outside India does not exceed 10 per cent of the average of last three years' export realisation or 200 per cent of the net owned funds of the proprietorship concern / unregistered partnership firm in India, whichever is lower.

(2) An application in form ODI may be made to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building, 5th Floor, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, through the AD Category - I bank. AD Category - I banks may forward the application to the Reserve Bank, after ensuring the above terms and conditions along with their comments and recommendations, for consideration.

B.10 Overseas investment by Registered Trust / Society

Registered Trusts and Societies engaged in manufacturing / educational / hospital sector are allowed to make investment (or financial commitment) in the same sector(s) in a JV/WOS outside India, with the prior approval of the Reserve Bank. Trusts / Societies satisfying the eligibility criteria, as indicated below, may submit the application/s in Form ODI-Part I, through their AD Category - I bank/s, to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building, 5th Floor, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, for consideration.

Eligibility Criteria:

- (a) Trust
 - i) The Trust should be registered under the Indian Trust Act, 1882;



- ii) The Trust deed permits the proposed investment overseas;
- iii) The proposed investment should be approved by the trustee/s;
- iv) The AD Category – I bank is satisfied that the Trust is KYC (Know Your Customer) compliant and is engaged in a bonafide activity;
- v) The Trust has been in existence at least for a period of three years;
- vi) The Trust has not come under the adverse notice of any Regulatory / Enforcement agency like the Directorate of Enforcement, Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), etc.

(b) Society

- i) The Society should be registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860.
- ii) The Memorandum of Association and rules and regulations permit the Society to make the proposed investment which should also be approved by the governing body / council or a managing / executive committee.
- iii) The AD Category - I bank is satisfied that the Society is KYC (Know Your Customer) compliant and is engaged in a bonafide activity;
- iv) The Society has been in existence at least for a period of three years;
- v) The Society has not come under the adverse notice of any Regulatory / Enforcement agency like the Directorate of Enforcement, CBI etc.

In addition to the registration, the AD Category – I bank should ensure that the special license / permission has been obtained by the applicant in case the activities require special license / permission either from the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India or from the relevant local authority, as the case may be.



B.11 Post investment changes / additional investment (or financial commitment) in existing JV / WOS

A JV / WOS set up by the Indian party as per the Regulations may diversify its activities / set up step down subsidiary / alter the shareholding pattern in the overseas entity (subject to compliance of Regulation 7 of the Notification in the case of financial services sector companies). The Indian party should report to the Reserve Bank through the AD Category - I bank, the details of such decisions within 30 days of the approval of those decisions by the competent authority of the JV / WOS concerned in terms of local laws of the host country and include the same in the Annual Performance Report (APR - Part III of Form ODI) required to be forwarded to the AD Category-I bank.

B.12 Restructuring of the balance sheet of the overseas entity involving write off of capital and receivables

In order to provide more operational flexibility to the Indian corporates, the Indian promoters who have set up WOS abroad or have at least 51 per cent stake in an overseas JV, may write off capital (equity / preference shares) or other receivables, such as, loans, royalty, technical knowhow fees and management fees in respect of the JV /WOS, even while such JV /WOS continues to function as under:

- (i) Listed Indian companies are permitted to write off capital and other receivables up to 25 per cent of the equity investment in the JV /WOS under the Automatic Route; and
- (ii) Unlisted companies are permitted to write off capital and other receivables up to 25 per cent of the equity investment in the JV /WOS under the Approval Route.

The write-off / restructuring have to be reported to the Reserve Bank through the designated AD Category-I bank within 30 days of write-off/ restructuring. The write-off / restructuring is subject to the condition that the Indian Party should submit the following documents for scrutiny along with the applications to the



designated AD Category –I bank under the Automatic as well as the Approval Routes:

- a) A certified copy of the balance sheet showing the loss in the overseas WOS/JV set up by the Indian Party; and
- b) Projections for the next five years indicating benefit accruing to the Indian company consequent to such write off / restructuring.

B.13 Acquisition of a foreign company through bidding or tender procedure

An Indian party may remit earnest money deposit or issue a bid bond guarantee for acquisition of a foreign company through bidding and tender procedure and also make subsequent remittances through an AD Category - I bank, in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 14 of the Notification.

B.14 Obligations of Indian Party

(1) An Indian party which has made direct investment abroad is under obligation to (a) receive share certificate or any other document as an evidence of investment, (b) repatriate to India the dues receivable from foreign entity, and (c) submit the documents / Annual Performance Report to the Reserve Bank, in accordance with the provisions specified in Regulation 15 of the Notification. The share certificate or any other document as evidence of investment has to be submitted to and retained by the designated AD Category - I bank, who is required to monitor the receipt of such documents and satisfy themselves about the bonafides of the documents. A certificate to this effect should be submitted by the designated AD category – I bank to the Reserve Bank along with the APR (Part III of Form ODI).

(2) Reporting requirements including submission of Annual Performance Report are also applicable for investors in unincorporated entities in the oil sector.

(3) Where the law of the host country does not mandatorily require auditing of the books of accounts of JV / WOS, the Annual Performance Report (APR) may



be submitted by the Indian party based on the un-audited annual accounts of the JV / WOS provided:

- a. The Statutory Auditors of the Indian party certify that 'The un-audited annual accounts of the JV / WOS reflect the true and fair picture of the affairs of the JV / WOS' and
- b. That the un-audited annual accounts of the JV / WOS has been adopted and ratified by the Board of the Indian party.

B.15 Transfer by way of sale of shares of a JV / WOS

(1) An Indian Party, without prior approval of the Reserve Bank, may transfer by way of sale to another Indian Party which complies with the provisions of Regulation 6 of [FEMA Notification 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004](#) or to a person resident outside India, any share or security held by it in a JV or WOS outside India subject to the following conditions:

- (i) the sale does not result in any write off of the investment (or financial commitment) made.
- (ii) the sale is effected through a stock exchange where the shares of the overseas JV/ WOS are listed;
- (iii) if the shares are not listed on the stock exchange and the shares are disinvested by a private arrangement, the share price is not less than the value certified by a Chartered Accountant / Certified Public Accountant as the fair value of the shares based on the latest audited financial statements of the JV / WOS;
- (iv) the Indian party does not have any outstanding dues by way of dividend, technical know-how fees, royalty, consultancy, commission or other entitlements and / or export proceeds from the JV or WOS;
- (v) the overseas concern has been in operation for at least one full year and the Annual Performance Report together with the audited accounts for that year has been submitted to the Reserve Bank;
- (vi) the Indian party is not under investigation by CBI / DoE/ SEBI / IRDA or any other regulatory authority in India.



(2) The Indian party is required to submit details of such disinvestment through its designated AD category-I bank within 30 days from the date of disinvestment.

B.16 Transfer by way of sale of shares of a JV / WOS involving Write off of the investment (or financial commitment)

(1) Indian Party may disinvest, without prior approval of the Reserve Bank, in any of the under noted cases where the amount repatriated after disinvestment is less than the original amount invested:

- i) in case where the JV / WOS is listed in the overseas stock exchange;
- ii) in cases where the Indian Party is listed on a stock exchange in India and has a net worth of not less than Rs.100 crore;
- iii) where the Indian Party is an unlisted company and the investment (or financial commitment) in the overseas venture does not exceed USD 10 million. and
- iv) where the Indian Party is a listed company with net worth of less than Rs.100 crore but investment (or financial commitment) in an overseas JV/WOS does not exceed USD 10 million.

(2) Such disinvestments shall be subject to the conditions listed at B.15 items (ii) to (vi) and B 15.2.

(3) An Indian Party, which does not satisfy the conditions laid down above for undertaking any disinvestment in its JV/WOS abroad, shall have to apply to the Reserve Bank for prior permission.

⁵B.17 Pledge of Shares of Joint Venture (JV), Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) and Step down Subsidiary (SDS)

⁵ [A.P.\(DIR Series\) Circular No.54 dated December 29, 2014](#)



An Indian Party may create charge, by way of pledge, on the shares of Joint Venture (JV) or Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) or Step Down Subsidiary (SDS) outside India as a security in favour of an Authorized Dealer or a public financial institution in India or an overseas lender, for availing of fund based or non-fund based facility for itself (i.e. the Indian party) or for its JV / WOS / SDS whose shares have been pledged, or for any other JV / WOS / SDS of the Indian party subject to the terms and conditions prescribed under Regulation 18 of the Notification and [A.P. \(DIR Series\) Circular No.54 dated December 29, 2014](#).

B.18 Hedging of Overseas Direct Investments

(1) Resident entities having overseas direct investments (or financial commitment) are permitted to hedge the foreign exchange rate risk arising out of such investments (or financial commitment). AD Category - I banks may enter into forward / option contracts with resident entities who wish to hedge their overseas direct investments (in equity and loan), subject to verification of such exposure.

(2) If a hedge becomes naked in part or full owing to shrinking of the market value of the overseas direct investment (or financial commitment), the hedge may continue to the original maturity. Rollovers on the due date are permitted up to the extent of market value as on that date.

B.19 Overseas Direct Investments by resident individuals

With effect from August 05, 2013, a resident individual (single or in association with another resident individual or with an 'Indian Party' as defined in the Notification) satisfying the criteria as per Schedule V of the Notification, may make overseas direct investment in the equity shares and compulsorily convertible preference shares of a Joint Venture (JV) or Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) outside India. The limit of overseas direct investment by the resident individual shall be within the overall limit prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India under the provisions of Liberalised Remittance Scheme, as prescribed by the Reserve Bank



from time to time. The terms and conditions prescribed under Schedule V of the Notification have been provided in Annex D.

B.20 Rollover of Guarantees

(1) It has been decided not to treat / reckon the renewal / rollover of an existing / original guarantee, which is part of the total financial commitment of the Indian party in terms of Regulation 6 of the Notification *ibid*, as a fresh financial commitment, provided that:

- (a) the existing / original guarantee was issued in terms of the then extant / prevailing FEMA guidelines;
- (b) there is no change in the end use of the guarantee, i.e. the facilities availed by the JV / WOS / Step Down Subsidiary;
- (c) there is no change in any of the terms & conditions, including the amount of the guarantee except the validity period;
- (d) the reporting of the rolled over guarantee would be done as a fresh financial commitment in Part II of Form ODI, as hitherto; and
- (e) if the Indian party is under investigation by any investigation / enforcement agency or regulatory body, the concerned agency / body shall be kept informed about the same.

(2) In case, however, the above conditions are not met, the Indian party shall obtain prior approval of the Reserve Bank for rollover / renewal of the existing guarantee through the designated AD bank.

⁶**B.21 Creation of charge on domestic and foreign assets**

(1) An Indian party may create charge (by way of mortgage, pledge, hypothecation or otherwise) on its assets [including the assets of its group company, sister concern or associate company in India, promoter and / or director] in favour of an overseas lender as security for availing of the fund based and/or non-fund based facility for its Joint Venture (JV) or Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) or Step Down Subsidiary (SDS) outside India subject to the

⁶ [A.P.\(DIR Series\) Circular No.54 dated December 29, 2014](#)



terms and conditions prescribed under Regulation 18A of the Notification and [A.P. \(DIR Series\) Circular No.54 dated December 29, 2014.](#)

(2) An Indian party may create charge (by way of mortgage, pledge, hypothecation or otherwise) on the assets of its overseas JV or WOS or SDS in favour of an AD bank in India as security for availing of the fund based and/or non-fund based facility for itself or its JV or WOS or SDS outside India subject to the terms and conditions prescribed under Regulation 18A of the [Notification and A.P. \(DIR Series\) Circular No.54 dated December 29, 2014.](#)

SECTION C - Other Investments in Foreign Securities

C.1 Permission for purchase/ acquisition of foreign securities in certain cases

(1) General permission has been granted to a person resident in India who is an individual –

- (a) to acquire foreign securities as a gift from any person resident outside India;
- (b) to acquire shares under cashless Employees Stock Option Programme (ESOP) issued by a company outside India, provided it does not involve any remittance from India;
- (c) to acquire shares by way of inheritance from a person whether resident in or outside India;
- (d) to purchase equity shares offered by a foreign company under its ESOP Schemes, if he is an employee, or, a director of an Indian office or branch of a foreign company, or, of a subsidiary in India of a foreign company, or, an Indian company in which foreign equity holding, either direct or through a holding company/Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) irrespective of the percentage of the direct or indirect equity stake in the Indian company. AD Category – I banks are permitted to allow remittances for purchase of shares by eligible persons under this provision irrespective of the method of



operationalisation of the scheme i.e where the shares under the scheme are offered directly by the issuing company or indirectly through a trust / a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) / step down subsidiary, provided (i) the shares under the ESOP Scheme are offered by the issuing company globally on a uniform basis, and (ii) an Annual Return (Annex B) is submitted by the Indian company to the Reserve Bank through the AD Category – I bank giving details of remittances / beneficiaries, etc.

(2) A person resident in India may transfer by way of sale the shares acquired as stated above provided that the proceeds thereof are repatriated immediately on receipt thereof and in any case not later than 90 days from the date of sale of such securities.

(3) Foreign companies are permitted to repurchase the shares issued to residents in India under any ESOP Scheme provided (i) the shares were issued in accordance with the Rules / Regulations framed under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, (ii) the shares are being repurchased in terms of the initial offer document, and (iii) an annual return is submitted through the AD Category – I bank giving details of remittances / beneficiaries, etc.

(4) In all other cases, not covered by general or special permission, approval of the Reserve Bank is required to be obtained before acquisition of a foreign security.

C.2 Pledge of a foreign security by a person resident in India

The shares acquired by persons resident in India in accordance with the provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 or Rules or Regulations made thereunder are allowed to be pledged for obtaining credit facilities in India from an AD Category – I bank / Public Financial Institution.



C.3 General permission in certain cases

Residents are permitted to acquire a foreign security, if it represents –

- a) qualification shares for becoming a director of a company outside India to the extent prescribed as per the law of the host country where the company is located provided it does not exceed the limit prescribed for the resident individuals under the Liberalized Remittance Scheme (LRS) in force at the time of acquisition;
- b) part / full consideration of professional services rendered to the foreign company or in lieu of Director's remuneration. The limit of acquiring such shares in terms of value is restricted to the overall ceiling prescribed for the resident individuals under the Liberalized Remittance Scheme (LRS) in force at the time of acquisition;
- c) rights shares provided that the rights shares are being issued by virtue of holding shares in accordance with the provisions of law for the time being in force;
- d) purchase of shares of a JV / WOS abroad of the Indian promoter company by the employees/directors of Indian promoter company which is engaged in the field of software where the consideration for purchase does not exceed USD 10,000 or its equivalent per employee in a block of five calendar years; the shares so acquired do not exceed 5 per cent of the paid-up capital of the JV / WOS outside India; and after allotment of such shares, the percentage of shares held by the Indian promoter company, together with shares allotted to its employees is not less than the percentage of shares held by the Indian promoter company prior to such allotment; and
- e) purchase of foreign securities under ADR / GDR linked stock option schemes by resident employees of Indian companies in the knowledge based sectors, including working directors provided purchase consideration does not exceed USD 50,000 or its equivalent in a block of five calendar years.



C.4 Acquiring the shares of SWIFT by a resident bank

A bank in India, being licensed by the Reserve Bank under the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, may acquire the shares of Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication (SWIFT) as per the by-laws of SWIFT, provided the bank has been permitted by the Reserve Bank for admission to the 'SWIFT User's Group in India' as member.



PART - II

Operational Instructions to Authorised Dealer Banks

1. Designated branches

An eligible Indian party making investment (or financial commitment) in a Joint Venture (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) outside India is required to route all its transactions relating to the investment (or financial commitment) through one branch of an AD Category – I bank designated by it in terms of clause (v) of sub regulation 2 of Regulation 6 of the Notification. All communication from the Indian parties, to the Reserve Bank, relating to the investment (or financial commitment) outside India should be routed through the same branch of the AD Category – I bank that has been designated by the Indian investor for the investment (or financial commitment). The designated AD Category – I bank while forwarding the request from their customers to the Reserve Bank, should also forward its comments / recommendations on the request. However, the Indian party may designate different AD Category – I banks / branches of AD Category – I banks for different JV / WOS outside India. For proper follow up, the AD Category – I bank is required to maintain party-wise record in respect of each JV/ WOS.

2. Investments under Regulation 6 of Notification No. FEMA 120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004

AD Category – I banks may allow investments (or financial commitment) up to the permissible limits on receipt of application in form ODI together with form A-2, duly filled in, from the Indian party(ies) making investments (or financial commitment) in a JV/WOS abroad subject to their complying with the conditions specified in Regulation 6 of [Notification FEMA No.120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004](#), as amended from time to time. Investment (or financial commitment) in financial services should also comply with the norms stipulated at Regulation 7 of the Notification. While forwarding the report of remittance in respect of investment (or financial commitment) in financial services sector, AD Category – I banks may certify that prior approvals from the Regulatory Authorities concerned in India and



abroad have been obtained. Before allowing the remittance (or financial commitment), AD Category – I banks are required to ensure that the necessary documents, as prescribed in form ODI, have been submitted and found to be in order.

3. General procedural instructions

(1) With effect from June 01, 2007, reporting system for overseas investment (or financial commitment) has been revised. All the earlier forms have been subsumed into one form viz. ODI, comprising of four parts:

Part I - includes the following:

Section A – Details of the Indian Party

Section B – Details of Investment (or financial commitment) in New Project

Section C - Details of Investment (or financial commitment) in Existing Project

Section D – Funding for JV / WOS

Section E – Declaration by the Indian Party (to be retained by AD Category – I bank)

Section F - Certificate by the Statutory Auditors of the Indian Party (to be retained by AD Category – I bank)

Part II - Reporting of Remittances (or financial commitment)

Part III - Annual Performance Report (APR)

Part IV – Report on Closure/Disinvestment/Voluntary Liquidation/Winding up of JV / WOS

(2) The revised form is only a rationalisation and simplification of the reporting procedure and there is no change or dilution in the existing eligibility criteria / documentation / limits.

(3) With effect from March 2, 2010 on-line reporting of the ODI forms has been operationalised in a phased manner. The system enables on-line generation of the Unique Identification Number (UIN), acknowledgment of remittance/s (or financial commitment) and filing of the Annual Performance Reports (APRs) and easy accessibility to data at the AD level for reference purposes.



- a) Initially, Part I (Sections A to D), II and III of form ODI should be filed on-line in the Overseas Investment Application for allotment of UIN, reporting of subsequent remittances (or financial commitment), filing of APRs, etc. AD Category –I banks would continue to receive the ODI forms in physical form, as stipulated in the [A. P. \(DIR Series\) Circular No. 68 dated June 1, 2007](#), which should be preserved, UIN wise, for onward submission to the Reserve Bank, if specifically required. Transactions in respect of Mutual Funds, Portfolio Investment Scheme (PIS) and Employees Stock Options Scheme (ESOPS) are also required to be reported on-line in the Overseas Investment Application.
- b) The on-line reporting would be required to be made by the Centralized Unit/Nodal Office of AD Category - I banks. The Overseas Investment Application is hosted on the Reserve Bank's Secured Internet Website (SIW) <https://secweb.rbi.org.in> and a link has been made available for accessing the Application on the main page of the website. AD Category – I banks would be responsible for the validity of the information reported on-line.
- c) The application for overseas investment (or financial commitment) under the approval route would continue to be submitted to the Reserve Bank in physical form as hitherto, in addition to the on-line reporting of Part I as contemplated above, for approval purposes.
- d) In case of disinvestment / closure / winding up / voluntary liquidation under the Automatic Route, in terms of [A. P. \(Dir Series\) Circular No. 29 dated March 27, 2006](#), a report should continue to be submitted by the designated AD Category - I bank, in Part IV of form ODI. In all other cases of disinvestment, an application along with the necessary supporting documents should be submitted to the Reserve Bank as per the existing procedure.



e) As per the new reporting system, AD Category – I banks would be able generate the UIN on-line under the automatic route. However, subsequent remittances (or financial commitment) under the automatic route and remittances (or financial commitment) under the approval route should be made and reported on-line in Part II, only after receipt of auto generated e-mail from RBI confirming the UIN.

(4) In cases where the investment (or financial commitment) is being made jointly by more than one Indian party, form ODI is required to be signed jointly by all the investing entities and submitted to the designated branch of the AD Category – I bank. AD Category – I banks should file on-line a consolidated form ODI indicating details of each party. The same procedure should be followed where the investment (or financial commitment) is made out of the proceeds of ADR / GDR issues of an Indian party in terms of Regulation 6(5) of the Notification. The Reserve Bank would allot only one Unique Identification Number to the overseas project.

(5) AD Category – I banks should allow remittance towards loan to the JV / WOS and / or issue guarantee to / on behalf of the JV / WOS abroad only after ensuring that the Indian party has an equity stake in the JV / WOS. However, as has been stated at para B 1 (3) (a) above, wherever the laws of the host country permit incorporation of a company without equity participation by the Indian party, AD banks may obtain prior approval from the Reserve Bank before allowing the remittances towards the loan/issue of guarantee to/on behalf of the overseas JV/WOS.

4. Investments (or financial commitment) under Regulation 11 of [Notification No. FEMA.120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004](#)

In terms of Regulation 11 of the Notification, Indian parties are permitted to make direct investment (or financial commitment) in JV / WOS abroad by way of capitalisation of exports or other dues/entitlements like royalties, technical know-how fees, consultancy fees, etc. In such cases also, the Indian party is required to submit details of the capitalisation in form ODI to the designated branch of the



AD Category – I bank. Such investments (or financial commitment) by way of capitalisation are also to be reckoned while computing the limit of financial commitment prescribed in terms of Regulation 6. Further, in cases where the export proceeds are being capitalised in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 11, the AD Category – I banks are required to obtain a custom certified copy of the invoice as required under Regulation 12(2) and forward it to the Reserve Bank together with the revised form ODI. Capitalisation of export proceeds or other entitlements, which are overdue, would require prior approval of the Reserve Bank for which the Indian parties should make an application in form ODI to the Reserve Bank for consideration.

5. Allotment of Unique Identification Number (UIN)

The Unique Identification Number allotted to each JV or WOS abroad, is required to be quoted in all correspondence with the Reserve Bank. AD Category – I banks may allow additional investment (or financial commitment) in an existing overseas concern set up by an Indian party, in terms of Regulation 6 only after the Reserve Bank has allotted necessary Unique Identification Number to the overseas project.

6. Investment by way of share swap

In the case of investment by way of share swap, AD Category – I banks are additionally required to submit to the Reserve Bank the details of transactions such as number of shares received / allotted, premium paid / received, brokerage paid / received, etc., and also confirmation to the effect that the inward leg of transaction has been approved by FIPB and the valuation has been done as per the laid-down procedure and that the overseas company's shares are issued / transferred in the name of the Indian investing company. AD Category – I bank may also obtain an undertaking from the applicants to the effect that future sale / transfer of shares so acquired by Non-Residents in the Indian company shall be in accordance with the provisions of [Notification No. FEMA 20/2000-RB dated May 3, 2000](#), as amended from time to time.



7. Investments (or financial commitment) under Regulation 9 of [Notification No. FEMA.120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004](#)

In terms of Regulation 9, investment (or financial commitment) in JV / WOS in certain cases requires the prior approval of the Reserve Bank. AD Category – I banks may allow remittances under these specific approvals granted by the Reserve Bank and report the same to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001 in form ODI.

8. Purchase of foreign securities under ADR / GDR linked Stock Option Scheme

AD Category – I banks may make remittances up to USD 50,000 or its equivalent in a block of five calendar years, without the prior approval of the Reserve Bank, for purchase of foreign securities in the knowledge based sector under the ADR / GDR linked ESOPs, after satisfying that the issuing company has followed the relevant guidelines of SEBI / Government.

9. Remittance towards Earnest Money Deposit or Issue of Bid Bond Guarantee

- (i) In terms of Regulation 14 of the Notification, AD Category – I banks may, on being approached by an Indian party which is eligible for investment (or financial commitment) under Regulation 6, allow remittance towards Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) to the extent eligible after obtaining Form A2 duly filled in or may issue bid bond guarantee on their behalf for participation in bidding or tender procedure for acquisition of a company incorporated outside India. On winning the bid, AD banks may remit the acquisition value after obtaining Form A2 duly filled in and report such remittance (including the amount initially remitted towards EMD) to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001 in form ODI. AD Category – I banks, while permitting remittance towards EMD should advise the Indian party that in case they are not successful in



the bid, they should ensure that the amount remitted is repatriated in accordance with Foreign Exchange Management (Realisation, Repatriation & Surrender of Foreign Exchange) Regulations, 2000 (cf. [Notification No. FEMA 9/2000-RB dated 3rd May 2000](#)), as amended from time to time.

- (ii) In cases where an Indian party, after being successful in the bid / tender decides not to proceed further with the investment, AD banks should submit full details of remittance allowed towards EMD / invoked bid bond guarantee, to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001.
- (iii) In case the Indian party is successful in the bid, but the terms and conditions of acquisition of a company outside India are not in conformity with the provisions of Regulations in Part I, or different from those for which approval under sub-regulation (3) was obtained, the Indian entity should obtain approval from the Reserve Bank by submitting form ODI.

10. Transfer by way of sale of shares of a JV / WOS outside India

The Indian party should report details of the disinvestment through the AD Category – I bank within 30 days of disinvestment in Part IV of the Form ODI as indicated in para 3 (3) (c) above. Sale proceeds of shares / securities shall be repatriated to India immediately on receipt thereof and in any case not later than 90 days from the date of sale of the shares / securities.

11. Verification of evidence of investment

The share certificates or any other document as evidence of investment, where share certificates are not issued shall, henceforth, be submitted to and retained by the designated AD Category –I bank, who would be required to monitor the receipt of such documents and satisfy themselves about the bonafides of the documents so received. A certificate to this effect should be submitted by the designated AD Category –I bank to the Reserve Bank along with the APR (Part III of Form ODI).



12. Opening of Foreign Currency Account abroad by an Indian party

Wherever, the host country Regulations stipulate that the investments (or financial commitment) into the country are required to be routed through a designated account, an Indian party is allowed to open, hold and maintain Foreign Currency Account (FCA) abroad for the purpose of overseas direct investments (or financial commitment) subject to certain terms and conditions stipulated under A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 101 dated April 02, 2012.



FORM ODI

PART I

For office use only

Date of Receipt -----

Inward No. -----

Section A: Details of Indian Party

(I) Investment under (i) Automatic Route (ii) Approval Route

(In case there is more than one Indian party, information may be given on separate sheets for each of the parties)

(II) Name of Indian Party

(III) Address of Indian Party

City State Pin

(IV) Contact Person Designation

Tel No. Fax

e-mail

(V) Status of Indian Party: (Please tick appropriate category)

(1) Public Ltd. Company (2) Private Limited Company

(3) Public Sector Undertaking (4) Registered Partnership

(5) Proprietorship (6) Unregistered Partnership

(7) Trust (8) Society

(9) Others

(VI) Activity code of Indian Party*

*NIC code at 3-digit level



[If the Indian Party is engaged in Financial sector or falls under the category of Proprietorship, Unregistered Partnership or Financial sector, please furnish the details in Item VII below].

(VII) Financial particulars of the Indian Party for the last 3 years
(Amt. in Rs. 000s)

Particulars	Year 1 31-3-	Year 2 31-3	Year 3 31-3
Foreign exchange earnings (excluding equity exports to JV/WOS)			
Net profit			
Paid-up Capital			
Net worth of (a) Indian Party (b) Group Company@			

@ In terms of Explanation to Regulation 6 (3) of Notification No. FEMA 120/ RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004

(VIII) Particulars of existing Joint Ventures (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) already in operation or under implementation, of the Indian party and its group concerns:

Sr. No.	Name of Indian Party	Unique Identification Number allotted by Reserve Bank
1.		
2.		
3.		

(IX) Whether the proposed investment is (Tick the appropriate box)

(a) New Project (Please furnish the details in Section B)

(b) Existing Project* (Please furnish the details in Section C)

* Acquisition of stake in an already existing JV/WOS overseas promoted by an Indian party.



Section B: Details of Investment in New Project

For Reserve Bank use only											
Unique Identification Number											

(I) Purpose of investment (Please tick appropriate category)

- (a) Participation in JV (b) Contribution in WOS
- (c) Full acquisition of a foreign concern
- (d) Partial acquisition of a foreign concern
- (e) Investment in unincorporated entity
- (f) Others

(II) Particulars of JV/WOS

- (a) Name of JV/WOS
- (b) Address of JV/WOS
- (c) Name of the country
- (d) e-mail
- (e) Accounting year followed by JV/WOS

(III) Activity code of JV/WOS

(IV) Whether JV/WOS is SPV (Y/N)? #

If Y, Please furnish the details in Section D

Proposed Capital Structure

	[a] Indian Party (ies)	% stake		[b] Foreign partner(s)	% stake
(1)			(1)		
(2)			(2)		
(3)			(3)		



Section C: Details of Investment in Existing Project

Indicate 13 digit Unique Identification Number issued by Reserve Bank												

(I) Purpose of Supplementary Investment (Please tick appropriate category)

- (a) Enhancement of Equity in existing JV/WOS overseas
- (b) Enhancement of Preference Equity/ Convertible Debt
- (c) Grant/ Enhancement of Loan in existing JV/WOS
- (d) Extension/ Enhancement of Guarantees
- (e) Remittances to Unincorporated Entity
- (e) Others

(II) Capital Structure

	[a] Indian Party (ies)	% stake		[b] Foreign partner(s)	% stake
(1)			(1)		
(2)			(2)		
(3)			(3)		



Section D - Funding for JV / WOS

(Amount in FCY 000's)

I Full Value of the Overseas Acquisition

II Estimated cost of overseas acquisition for the Indian Party

III Financial commitment * (in applicable FCY): FYC Amount

IV Method of Investment by Indian Party

- (i) Cash Remittance
 - (a) EEFC
 - (b) Market Purchase
- (ii) Capitalization of
 - (a) Export of plant and machinery
 - (b) Others (please Specify)
- (iii) ADRs /GDRs [raised overseas]
- (iv) ECB/FCCB
- (v) Swap of shares
- (vi) Others (Please specify)

Total A [Indian Party]

V. Whether JV/WOS is SPV (Y/N)

(a) If Y, purpose of SPV:

- i) Full value of the overseas acquisition
- ii) Direct / Indirect infusion by SPV
- ii) Funds raised overseas with guarantee/
counter guarantee from Indian party
- iii) Funds raised overseas without guarantee/
counter guarantee from Indian Party
- iv) Funds contributed in the form of equity/
preference equity/ shareholder's loans
by foreign investors
- v) Securitisation
- vi) Any other mode (please specify)

Total

VI. Guarantees/ Other Non fund based Commitments

Note * : Financial Commitment as defined in FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004
 Sec 2(f)- Financial Commitment means amount of Direct Investment by way of contribution to equity, loan and 100 per cent of the amount of guarantee issued by Indian Party to or on behalf of its overseas Joint Venture company or Wholly Owned Subsidiary.



Section E : Declaration by the Indian Party

(a) Whether the applicant party (ies), its promoters, directors, etc., are under investigations by any investigative/enforcement agency or regulatory body. If yes, the brief details thereof, including present stage of investigation/ adjudication / manner of disposal of the case.

(b) Whether the promoter Indian party (ies) is (are) presently on Exporters' Caution List of Reserve Bank for non-realization of export proceeds or on the list of defaulters to the Banking System circulated by Reserve Bank. If so, status of the Indian party (ies):

(c) Any other information relevant to this proposal, including any special benefits / incentives available in the host country for setting up / acquiring the proposed concern.

(d) Wherever applicable, the Annual Performance Report, as required in terms of Regulation 15(iii) of the Notification No. FEMA 120 / RB - 2004 dated July 07, 2004, as amended from time to time, in respect of all the existing JV / WOS of the Indian party has been submitted.

I/ We hereby certify that the information furnished above are true and correct.

Place: _____ (Signature of authorised official)

Date : _____ **Stamp/Seal**

Name:-----

Designation-----

List of enclosures:

- | | |
|----|----|
| 1. | 4. |
| 2. | 5. |
| 3. | 6. |



Section F : Certificate by the Statutory Auditors of the Indian Party

It is certified that the terms and conditions contained in Notification No. FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004, as amended from time to time (Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of any Foreign Security) Regulations, 2004) have been complied with by the Indian party(Name of the Indian Party) in respect of the investment under report. In particular, it is certified that:

- (i) the investment is not in real estate oriented or banking business, and
- (ii) the amount of foreign exchange proposed to be purchased for remittance towards the investment (or financial commitment) together with remittances for all overseas investments (or financial commitment) already made and exports and other dues capitalized / swap of shares / investment from ECB / FCCB balances for investment abroad under the Automatic Route is within the limit stipulated by the Reserve Bank from time to time. This has been verified with reference to the net worth of the Indian party (Name of the Indian Party) as on the date of last audited balance sheet, i. e.-----
--(date)
- (iii) has complied with the valuation norms prescribed for the investment
- (iv) has complied with the ECB guidelines #
- (v) that the Indian party (a) has made net profits during the preceding three years, (b) has fulfilled the prudential norms of capital adequacy as prescribed by the regulatory authority concerned; (c) has been registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in India and (d) has obtained approval for the investment in financial services sector activities from the regulatory authorities concerned in India and abroad*.

Further, certified that, wherever applicable, the Annual Performance Report, as required in terms of Regulation 15(iii) of the Notification *ibid*, in respect of all the existing JV / WOS of the Indian party has been submitted.

Note: *Applicable only in cases where the investment is in the financial services sector (e.g. insurance, mutual fund, asset management, etc.).

Applicable where investment is funded through ECB/FCCB balances.

**(Signature of the Statutory Auditors of the Indian Party)
Name of the firm, Stamp and Registration number**



PART II

REPORTING OF REMITTANCES

For office use only

Date of Receipt -----

Inward No. -----

In case investment is in the existing JV/WOS, please indicate Unique Identification No. already allotted :

No.														
-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

(I) Name of Indian Company:

(II) Is there any change in Company name since last reporting? (Y/N)

If yes, specify Old Company Name

DETAILS OF CURRENT REMITTANCES EFFECTED

(Amount in 000's of FCY)

Code of Reporting AD <input type="text"/>		foreign currency** : <input type="text"/>	
(a) From EEFC A/c.			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance
(b) By Market Purchases			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance
(c) From the ADR/GDR funds			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance
(d) By Swap of Shares			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Swap
		XXXX	



(e) From ECB/ FCCB balances parked in India/outside India			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Transaction
(g) Capitalization of Exports/Other dues@			
Date of capitalization:		Amount:	
(h) Guarantee issued: Date (Fresh / Existing Guarantee Period Extended)		Amount:	
Validity Period			

Note : ** Please indicate name of the foreign currency (FCY) as per SWIFT code.

@ Please specify the other dues being capitalized viz., royalty, technical know-how fee, consultancy fees, etc.

We hereby confirm that the remittance (strike out whichever is not applicable)

i) has been allowed under the Automatic Route based on the certification given by the Statutory Auditors confirming compliance with the prescribed terms and conditions by the Indian party ;

ii) is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the approval letter issued by the Reserve Bank ; and

iii) in respect of the invoked guarantee remittance has been made after satisfying that the claim is in conformity with the terms and conditions of the guarantee issued to/on behalf of the JV/WOS abroad.

Place

Date:

(Signature of authorised official of the bank)

Name :
Designation :
Tel. No. :
FAX No :

St



PART III

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT (APR)

(To be submitted, certified by Statutory Auditors of the Indian party, through the designated AD Category– I bank every year by June 30th as long, as the JV / WOS is in existence)

I. Reference Date of APR : _____

II. Unique Identification Number :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

(Please indicate 13 digit Unique Identification number issued by RBI)

III. Changes in capital structure since last reporting

(Amount in FCY)

	Amount (new)	% share (new)
Indian		
Foreign		

IV. Operational details of the JV/ WOS for the last two years

(Amount in FCY)

	Previous Year	Current Year
i) Net Profit / (Loss)		
ii) Dividend		
iii) Net worth		

V. Repatriation from the JV / WOS

(Amount in FCY)

	During the last year ended	Since commencement of business
(i) Profit		
(ii) Dividend		
(iii) Retained Earnings*		
(iv) Investments into India		
(v) Others**(Please specify)		

* (Represent part of the profits of the JV/WOS which is retained and reinvested in the JV/WOS).

** (Royalties, technical know-how fees, consultancy fees, etc.)



VI. Investment in step down subsidiaries since last reporting

Country	
Name of JV/WOS	
Amount of Investment (Amount in FCY)	

Place: _____

Date : _____

(Signature of authorized official)

Stamp/Seal

Name:-----

Designation-----

(Signature of the Statutory Auditors of the Indian party)

Name of the firm, Stamp and Registration number

Signature of the Authorised Official of the designated AD:

Name:

Designation:



PART IV

Report on Closure / Disinvestment / Voluntary Liquidation / Winding Up of JV/WOS

(To be submitted by the designated AD Category – I bank)

(All Amounts in FCY, in thousands)

Name and Address of the AD Category – I bank: _____

AD Code: _____

Unique Identification Number allotted by the Reserve Bank

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Whether APRs submitted regularly? (Y/N)

Date of submission and period to which last APR relates: _____

Details of Investment

Equity	Loan	Guarantees Issued

Details of Remittances

Equity	Loan	Guarantees Invoked

Changes in the capital Structure since the last APR

Equity	Loan	Guarantees Issued

Amount Repatriated on disinvestments

Equity	Loan

It is certified that (Strike out whichever is not applicable)

- I. (a) the sale is effected through a stock exchange where the shares of the overseas Joint Venture (JV) or Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) are listed;
- (b) if the shares are not listed on the stock exchange, and the shares are disinvested by a private arrangement, the share price is not less than the value certified by a Chartered Accountant /Certified Public Accountant as the fair value of the shares based on the latest audited financial statements of the Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary;
- (c) The Indian party does not have any outstanding dues by way of dividend, technical know-how fees, royalty, consultancy, commission or other entitlements, and/or export proceeds from the Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary,
- (d) The overseas concern has been in operation for at least one full year and the Annual Performance Report together with the audited accounts for that year has been submitted to the Reserve Bank;



(e) The Indian party is not under investigation by CBI/ED/SEBI/IRDA or any other regulatory authority in India.

Place

Date:

(Signature of authorised official of the bank)

Name:

Designation :

Tel. No. :

FAX No. :

St



Instructions for filling up the Form ODI

(This part should be detached and retained by the applicant)

This set of forms attempts to capture basic information relating to overseas investments by Indian parties (as defined under [Notification FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004](#), as amended from time to time).

- Part I contains details of the JV/WOS, Indian Parties and the financing pattern of the overseas entity.
- Part II reports remittances (or financial commitment) certified by AD.
- Part III is the Annual Performance Report, which contains brief particulars of the performance of the overseas entity and
- Part IV is to be used at the time of disinvestment/liquidation/winding up.

Section D of Part I is critical, since information regarding ownership structure and financing pattern have been included here. In addition to details of remittance from India, Part I must report full details of funding through SPVs / subsidiaries overseas, share of foreign partners, etc.

(1) Part I (barring Section C) of the form is required to be filled up by the Indian party seeking to invest in JV / WOS overseas either under Automatic Route or Approval Route and submitted to the designated AD Category – I bank. Part I (Sections C and D) is required to be submitted, whenever the initial capital or financing structure of the JV / WOS reported to the Reserve Bank at the time of the initial remittance / approval undergoes changes by way of expansion, merger, infusion of additional capital, etc.

(2) Under Automatic Route, in case of new proposals, immediately after effecting remittance, the designated AD Category - I bank should forward Part I of the form along with Part II to The Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, (OID), Amar Bldg., Mumbai 400 001 for obtaining the Unique Identification Number..

(3) Under Approval Route, Part I of the form, after scrutiny, should be submitted by the AD Category-I bank, along with their recommendations, to the Reserve Bank at the above address. If approved, Part I of the form will be returned to the AD Category – I bank and



should be resubmitted by the AD Category – I bank to Reserve Bank immediately after effecting the remittance, along with Part II of form at the address mentioned above.

(4) In case of supplementary remittances (or financial commitment), only Part II of the form, complete in all respects, is required to be submitted by the AD Category - I bank to Reserve Bank. However, if capital structure / financing pattern, etc. of the JV / WOS have changed since reporting at the time of initial investment Part I of the form (barring Sections A and B) need to be submitted along with Part II.

(5) In case more than one Indian promoter is investing in the same JV / WOS, details of each such promoter should be provided in a single format by the AD designated for the JV / WOS.

(6) Annual Performance Report (APR) (Part III) should be submitted online, through the designated AD bank, by June 30th every year as long as the JV/WOS is in existence.

(7) All amounts of foreign currency (FCY) and Indian rupees (INR) **should be in actuals only.**

(8) When JV / WOS is closed / wound up / disinvested / liquidated, etc., report should be submitted to Reserve Bank at the address above in Part IV of the form within 30 days of the disinvestment.

(9) Reserve Bank reserves the right to put the information furnished here in the public domain.

For approval by the Reserve Bank, the following documents need to be submitted along with Part I.

- (a) A report from the bankers of the Indian party in a sealed / closed cover.
- (b) The latest Annual Accounts, i.e. Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Indian party along with the Directors' Report.
- (c) Additional documents as under, if the application is made for partial / full takeover of an existing foreign concern:-
 - (i) A copy of the certificate of incorporation of the foreign concern;



(ii) Latest Annual Accounts, i.e. the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the foreign concern along with Directors' Report; and

(iii) A copy of the share valuation certificate from:

▶ a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI, or, an Investment Banker / Merchant Banker registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country, where the investment is more than USD 5 million (US Dollars Five million), and

▶ in all other cases, by a Chartered Accountant or a Certified Public Accountant.

(d) A certified copy of the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Indian party/ies approving the proposed investment (or financial commitment).

(e) Where investment (or financial commitment) is in the financial services sector, a certificate from a Statutory Auditor / Chartered Accountant to the effect that the Indian Party:

(i) has earned net profits during the preceding three financial years from the financial service activity;

(ii) is registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in India for conducting the financial services activity;

(iii) has obtained approval for investment (or financial commitment) in financial sector activities abroad from regulatory authority concerned in India and abroad; and

(iv) fulfilled the prudential norms relating to capital adequacy as prescribed by the regulatory authority concerned in India.

Overseas Investments (or financial commitment) - Proprietorship concerns / unregistered Partnership firms

Eligible Proprietorship concerns / unregistered Partnership firms may apply in Part I of form ODI through their AD Category – I bank, together with the latter's recommendations, in terms of para 4 of [A. P. \(Dir Series\) Circular No 29 dated March 27, 2006](#) to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.



ESOP Reporting

**Statement of shares allotted to Indian employees / Directors under ESOP Schemes for the year ended March _____
(to be submitted on the letterhead of the Indian Company / Office / Branch through their AD bank)**

We, (Indian Company / Office / Branch), hereby declare that:

a) M/s. (foreign company) has issued shares to our employees / Directors under ESOP Scheme during the year as under:

- (i) No. of shares allotted :
- (ii) Number of employees / Directors who accepted shares :
- (iii) Amount of outward remittance (in FCY and equivalent INR, both) :

b) The effective holding (direct or indirect) of the foreign company M/s. in the Indian company, as on March 31,(Year), is% and

c) The information furnished above is true and correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Signature of the Authorised Official :
Name :
Designation :
Date :

To,
The Chief General Manager
Reserve Bank of India
Foreign Exchange Department
Overseas Investment Division
Central Office, Amar Bldg., 5th Floor
Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001



ESOP Reporting

**Statement of shares repurchased by the issuing foreign company
from Indian employees / Directors under ESOP Schemes
for the year ended March 31, (Year)
(to be submitted on the letterhead of the Indian Company / Office / Branch through
their AD bank)**

We, (Indian Company / Office / Branch), hereby
declare that:

a) M/s. (foreign company) has repurchased
..... shares, issued to our employees / Director under ESOP Scheme, during the year
as under:

- (i) Number of shares allotted :
- (ii) Number of employees/directors who sold shares :
- (iii) Amount Inward remittance (in FCY and equivalent INR, both) :

b) The effective holding (direct or indirect) of the foreign company M/s.
..... in the Indian company, as on March
31,(Year), is% and

c) The information furnished above is true and correct to the best of our knowledge and
belief.

Signature of the Authorised Official :

Name :

Designation :

Date :

To,
The Chief General Manager
Reserve Bank of India
Foreign Exchange Department
Overseas Investment Division,
Central Office, Amar Bldg., 5th Floor
Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001



Annex – D

Schedule V [Please See Para B.19 of this Master Circular and Regulation 20A of the Notification]

A. Overseas Direct Investments by Resident Individuals

1. Resident individual is prohibited from making direct investment in a JV or WOS abroad which is engaged in the real estate business or banking business or in the business of financial services activity.
2. The JV or WOS abroad shall be engaged in bonafide business activity.
3. Resident individual is prohibited from making direct investment in a JV / WOS [set up or acquired abroad individually or in association with other resident individual and / or with an Indian party] located in the countries identified by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) as "non co-operative countries and territories" as available on FATF website www.fatf-gafi.org or as notified by the Reserve Bank.
4. The resident individual shall not be on the Reserve Bank's Exporters Caution List or List of defaulters to the banking system or under investigation by any investigation / enforcement agency or regulatory body.
5. At the time of investments, the permissible ceiling shall be within the overall ceiling prescribed for the resident individual as prescribed by the Reserve Bank from time to time.
[Explanation: The investment made out of the balances held in EEFC / RFC account shall also be restricted to the limit prescribed under LRS.]
6. The JV or WOS, to be acquired / set up by a resident individual under this Schedule, shall be an operating entity only and no step down subsidiary is allowed to be acquired or set up by the JV or WOS.
7. For the purpose of making investment under this Schedule, the valuation shall be as per Regulation 6(6)(a) of this Notification.
8. The financial commitment by a resident individual to / on behalf of the JV or WOS, other than the overseas direct investments as defined under Regulation 2(e) read with Regulation 20A of this Notification, is prohibited.



B. Post Investment Changes

Any alteration in shareholding pattern of the JV or WOS may be reported to the designated AD within 30 days including reporting in the Annual Performance Report as required to be submitted in terms of Regulation 15 of this Notification.

C. Disinvestment by Resident Individuals

1. A resident individual, who has acquired / set up a JV or WOS under the provisions of this Schedule, may disinvest (partially or fully) by way of transfer / sale or by way of liquidation / merger of the JV or WOS.
2. Disinvestment by a resident individual shall be allowed after one year from the date of making first remittance for setting up or acquiring the JV or WOS abroad.
3. The disinvestment proceeds shall be repatriated to India immediately and in any case not later than 60 days from the date of disinvestment and the same may be reported to the designated AD.
4. No write off shall be allowed in case of disinvestments by the resident individuals.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The resident individual, making overseas direct investments under the provisions of this Schedule, shall submit Part I of the Form ODI, duly completed, to the designated authorised dealer, within 30 days of making the remittance.
2. The investment, as made by a resident individual, shall be reported by the designated authorised dealer to the Reserve Bank in Form ODI Part I and II within 30 days of making the remittance.
3. The obligations as required in terms of Regulation 15 of this Notification shall also apply to the resident individuals who have set up or acquired a JV or WOS under the provisions of this Schedule.



4. The disinvestment by the resident individual may be reported by the designated AD to the Reserve Bank in Form ODI Part IV within 30 days of receipt of disinvestment proceeds.



Appendix

List of Circulars/Notifications consolidated in the Master Circular On Direct Investment in Joint Ventures/ Wholly Owned Subsidiaries Abroad

Notifications (published in the official gazette by the Government of India on various dates)

Sl. No.	Notification No.	Date
1.	FEMA.120/RB-2004	July 07, 2004
2.	FEMA.132/2005-RB	March 31, 2005
3.	FEMA.135/2005-RB	May 17, 2005
4.	FEMA.139/2005-RB	August 11, 2005
5.	FEMA.150/2006-RB	August 21, 2006
6.	FEMA.164/2007-RB	October 9, 2007
7.	FEMA.173/2007-RB	December 19, 2007
8.	FEMA.180/2008-RB	September 5, 2008
9.	FEMA.181/2008-RB	October 1, 2008
10.	FEMA.184/2009-RB	January 20, 2009
11.	FEMA.188/2009-RB	February 03, 2009
12.	FEMA.196/2009-RB	July 28, 2009
13.	FEMA.225/2012-RB	March 07, 2012
14.	FEMA.231/2012-RB	May 30, 2012
15.	FEMA.249/RB-2012	November 22, 2012
16.	FEMA.263/RB-2013	March 05, 2013
17.	FEMA.271/RB-2013	March 19, 2013
18.	FEMA.277/2013-RB	May 08, 2013
19.	FEMA.283/RB-2013	August 14, 2013
20.	FEMA.299/RB-2014	March 24, 2014
21.	FEMA.314/RB-2014	July 03, 2014
22.	FEMA.322/2014-RB	October 14, 2014
23.	FEMA.325/RB-2014	November 12, 2014
24.	FEMA.326/RB-2014	November 12, 2014



A.P. (DIR Series) Circulars

Sl. No.	Circular No.	Date
1.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.14	October 01, 2004
2.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.32	February 09, 2005
3.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.42	May 12, 2005
4..	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.9	August 29, 2005
5.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.29	March 27, 2006
6.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.30	April 05, 2006
7.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 3	July 03, 2006
8.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.6	September 06, 2006
9.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 11	November 16, 2006
10.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 41	April 20, 2007
11.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 49	April 30, 2007
12.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 50	May 04, 2007
13.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.53	May 08, 2007
14.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.68	June 01, 2007
15.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 72	June 08, 2007
16.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.75	June 14, 2007
17.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.76	June 19, 2007
18.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 11	September 26, 2007
19.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 12	September 26, 2007
20.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 34	April 03, 2008
21.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 48	June 03, 2008
22.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 53	June 27, 2008
23.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.07	August 13, 2008
24.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 14	September 05, 2008
25.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 36	February 24, 2010
26.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 45	April 01, 2010
27.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.69	May 27, 2011
28.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.73	June 29, 2011
29.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 96	March 28, 2012
30.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 97	March 28, 2012
31.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 101	April 02, 2012
32.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 131	May 31, 2012
33.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 15	August 21, 2012
34.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 25	September 07, 2012
35.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 29	September 12, 2012
36.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 99	April 23, 2013



37.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 100	April 25, 2013
38.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 8	July 11, 2013
39.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 23	August 14, 2013
40.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 24	August 14, 2013
41.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 30	September 04, 2013
42.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 41	September 10, 2013
43.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 83	January 03, 2014
44.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 131	May 19, 2014
45.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 1	July 03, 2014
46.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 48	December 09, 2014
47.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.54	December 29, 2014,
48.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 59	January 22, 2015